41900. The chairman of the state board shall convene a committee of mismbers to recommend to the state board for adoption, not later than Jane 1973 or pollution standards for sandblasting operations.

chairman 41901. The committee shalt include nine members appointed by the of the state board as follows: three contractors beensed pursuant to Chapter 9 terminencing with Section 7000 of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code for sandblacting services, three members from public entries which contract for such services, and three members from district boards. The committee shall also include two public members, one of whom shall be appointed by the Senate Rules Committee and one by the Speaker of the Assembly.

The committee shall select a chairman from its membership, and he shall serve at the pleasure of the committee.

41902. In developing the standards, the committee shall take into consideration the need to reduce a coolinties from all sources and the need to also continue sandblasting operations as a new as of corresion control. The committee shall examine present sandblasting present and determine where improvements can be made so that the standards reflect the strictest standards that can be reasonably chieved.

41903. Thirty days after the adoption of air poliation standards for sandblasting operations, the committee hall adjourn. Thereafter, it may meet at least once annually upon the call of the chairman of the committee to review the standards in light of changes in sandblasting technology.

41904. The standards shall be statewide, and no rule or regulation of any district that is applicable to sandblasting operations shall be stricter or less strict than the standards adopted by the state board pursuant to the recommendations of the complitue

The standards, however, shall not supersede any rule or re any district governing permanent sandblasting operations or equipment which ruly or regulation was in effect on January 1, 1974.

for purposes of this section, "permanent sandblasting operations or equipme means sandblasting operations conducted, or smalblasting equipment located.

Article 5 Gasoline Vaper Control

41930. (a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (e), no person shall install or maintain any stationary gasoline tank with a capacity of 250 gallons or more which is not equipped for loading through a permanent submerged fill pipe. unless such tank is a pressure tank as described in Section 41951, or is equipped with a vapor recovery system as described in Section 41952 or with a floating roof as described in Section 41953, or unless such tank is equipped with other apparatus of equal efficiency which has been approved by the air pollution control officer in whose district the tank is located.

(b) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to any stationary tanks installed prior to December 31, 1970.

(c) For the purpose of this section, "gasoline" means any petroleum distillate

baying a fleid vapor pressure of fear pounds or greater.

(d) For the purpose of this section, "submerged fill pipe" means my fill pipe which has its discharge opening entirely submerged when the liquid level is six in hes above the bertom of the tank. "Submerge d fill pipe," when applied to a tank which is lead of from the side, means any fill rip: which has its discharge opening

entirely submerged when the liquid level is 18 inches above the bottom of the

- (e) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to any stationary tank which is used primarily for the fueling of implements of husbandry.
- 41951. A "pressure tank" is a tank which maintains working pressure sufficient at all times to prevent hydrocarbon vapor or gas loss to the atmosphere.
- 41952. A "vapor recovery system" consists of a vapor gathering system capable. of collecting the hydrocarbon vapors and gases discharged and a vapor disposal system capable of processing such hydrocarbon vapors and gases so as to prevent their emission into the atmosphere, with all tank gauging and sampling devices gastight except when gauging or sampling is taking place.
- 41953. A "floating roof" consists of a pontoon-type or double-deck-type roof. resting on the surface of the liquid contents and equipped with a closure seal, or seals, to close the space between the roof edge and tank wali. The control equipment required by this section shall not be used if the gasoline or petroleum distillate has a vapor pressure of 11.0 pounds per square inch absolute or greater under actual storage conditions. All tank gauging and sampling devices shall be gastight except when gauging or sampling is taking place.
- (a) The state board shall, by March I, 1976, adopt procedures for determining the compliance of any system designed for the control of gasoline vapor emissions during gasoline marketing operations, including storage and transfer operations, with performance standards which are reasonable and necessary to achieve or maintain any applicable ambient air quality standard.
- (b) The state board shall certify any gaseline vapor control system, upon its determination that the system, if properly installed and manuained, will meet the requirements of subdivision (a). The state board shall enumerate the specifications used for issuing such certification. After a system has been certified. if circumstances beyond control of the state board cause the system to no longer meet the required specifications, the certification may be revoked or modified.

(c) The state board may test, or contract for testing, gasoline vapor control

systems in order to certify them.

(d) The state board shall charge a reasonable fee for certification, not to exceed its estimated costs therefor. Payment of the fee shall be a condition of certification.

101 No person shall install a gasoline vapor control system unless it has been certified by the state board.

(f) To the extent authorized by other provisions of law, any district may adopt stricter procedures and performance standards than those adopted by the state board pursuant to subdivision (a).

(g) With respect to those vapor recovery systems subject to certification by the state board, there shall be no criminal or civil proceedings commenced or maintained for failure to comply with any statute, rule, or regulation requiring a specified vapor recovery efficiency if the vapor control equipment which has been installed to comply with applicable vapor recovery requirements has been

cl) Certified by the state board at an efficiency equal to or greater than the

efficiency required by applicable statutes, rules, and regulations; and

(2) Installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the instructions of

the equipment manufacturer.

the Notwithstanding subdivision (f), for a period of three years after the effective date of the act amending this section in 1978, gasoline vapor control systems which have been installed and are operating in compliance with the requirements of the Bay Area Air Pollution Control District shall be exempt from any requirements for retrofitting such systems with new or additional equipment for the purpose of achieving greater vapor recovery efficiency. All necessary replacement parts shall be those certified by the state board, in all other areas of the state, the state board may implement its regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision (a):

(i) On or after July 1, 1980, but not later than January 1, 1981, the state board shall report to the Legislature on the actual in-use efficiency and durability of all gasoline vapor recovery systems certain dipursuant to subdivision (a). If the air quality benefits of systems certain diby the state board for a vapor recovery efficiency of 95 percent or greater are not as great as the technical reports of the state board currently indicate, the state board shall reconsider, at a formal public hearing its regulations relative to installation of such systems.

41955 Prior to state board certification of a gasoline vapor control system pursuant to Section 41954, the manufacturer of the system shall submit the system to, or, if appropriate, the components of the system as requested by, the Division of Measurement Standards of the Department of Food and Agriculture and the State Fire Marshal for their certification.

41956 As soon as possible after the effective date of this section, the State Fire Marshal and the Division of Measurement Standards, after consulting with the state board, shall adopt rules and regulations for the certification of gasoline vapor control systems and components thereof.

The State Fire Marshal shall be the only agency responsible for determining whether any component or system creates a fire hazard. The division shall be the only agency responsible for the measurement accuracy aspects of any component or system.

41957. The Division of Industrial Safety of the Department of Industrial Belations shall be the only agency responsible for determining whether any gasoline vapor control system, or component thereof, creates a safety hazard other than a fire hazard.

If the division determines that a system, or component thereof, creates a safety hazard other than a fire hazard, that system or component may not be used until the division has certified that the system or component, as the case may be, does not create such a hazard.

The division, in consultation with the state board, shall adopt the necessary rules and regulations for such certification if such certification is required.

41958. To the maximum extent practicable, the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to Sections 41956 and 41957 shall allow flexibility in the design of gasoline vapor central systems and their components. The rules and regulations shall set forth the performance standards as to safety and measurement accuracy and the minimum procedures to be followed in testing the system or component for compliance with the performance standards

The State Fire Marshal, the Division of Industrial Safety, and the Division of Measurement Standards shall certify any system or component which complies with their adopted rules and regulations. Any one of the state agencies may certify a system or component on the basis of results of tests performed by any entity retained by the manufacturer of the system or component or by the state agency. The requirements for the certification of a system or component shall not require that it be tested, approved, or listed by any private entity.

41959. Certification testing of gaseline vapor control systems and their components by the state board, the State Fire Mushal, the Division of Measurement Standards and the Division of Industrial Safety may be conducted smultaneously.

41960. Certification of a gasoline vapor recovery system for safety and measurement accuracy by the State Fire Murshal and the Division of Measurement Standards and, if necessary, by the Division of Industrial Safety shall permit its installation wherever required in the state, if the system is also certified by the state board.

Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (f) of Section 41954, no local or regional authority shall prohibit the installation of a certified system without obtaining concurrence from the state agency responsible for the aspects of the

system which the local or regional authority disapproves.

41961. The State Fire Marshal, the Division of Measurement Standards, and the Division of Industrial Safety may charge a reasonable fee for certification of a gasoline vapor central system or a component thereof, not to exceed their respective estimated costs therefor. Payment of the fee may be made a condition of certification.

41962. (a) Notwithstanding Section 34002 of the Vehicle Code, the state board shall adopt test procedures to determine the comphance of vapor recovery systems of cargo tanks on tank vehicles used to transport gasoline with vapor emission standards which are reasonable and necessary to achieve or maintain any applicable ambient air quality standard. The performance standards and test procedures adopted by the state board shall be consistent with the regulations adopted by the State Fire Marshal pursuant to Division 14.7 (commencing with Section 34001) of the Vehicle Code.

(b) The state board may test, or contract for testing, the vapor recovery system of any cargo tank of any tank vehicle used to transport gasoline. The state board shall certify the cargo tank vapor recovery system upon its determination that the system, if properly installed and maintained, will meet the requirements of subdivision (a). The state board shall enumerate the specifications used for issuing such certification. After a cargo tank vapor recovery system has been certified, if circumstances beyond control of the state board cause the system to no longer meet the required specifications, the certification may be revoked or modified.

(c) Upon verification of certification pursuant to subdivision (b), which shall be done annually, the state board shall send a verified copy of the certification to the registered owner of the tank vehicle, which copy shall be retained in the tank vehicle as evidence of certification of its vapor recovery system. For each system certified, the state board shall issue a nontransferable and nonremovable decal to

be placed on the cargo tank where the decal can be readily seen.

(d) With respect to any tank vehicle operated within a district, the state board, upon request of the district, shall send to the district, free of charge, a certified copy of the certification and test results of any cargo tank vapor recovery system on the tank vehicle.

(e) The state board shall charge a reasonable fee for certification, not to exceed its estimated costs therefor. Payment of the fee shall be a condition of certification. The fees shall be deposited in the Air Pollution Control Fund to reimburse the

state board for its cests in issuing certifications.

(f) No person shall operate, or allow the operation of, a tank vehicle tansporting gasoline and required to have a vapor recovery system, unless the system thereon has been certified by the state board and is installed and maintained in compliance with the state board's requirements for certification. Tank vehicles used exclusively to service gasoline storage tanks which are not required to have gasoline vapor controls are exempt from the certification requirement.

(g) Performance standards of any district for cargo tank vapor recovery systems on tank vehicles used to transport gasoline shall be identical with those adopted by the state board therefor and no district shall adopt test procedures for, or require certification of, cargo tank vapor recovery systems. No district may impose any tees on, or require any permit of, tank vehicles with vapor recovery systems. However, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a district from inspecting and testing cargo tank vapor recovery systems on tank vehicles for the purposes of enforcing this section or any rule and regulation adopted thereunder that are applicable to such systems and to the loading and unloading of cargo tanks on tank vehicles.

(h) The Legislature hereby declares that the purposes of this section regarding cargo tank vapor recovery systems on tank vehicles are (1) to remove from the districts the authority to certify, except as specified in subdivision (b), such systems and to charge fees therefor, and (2) to grant such authority to the state board, which shall have the primary responsibility to assure that such systems are operated in compliance with its standards and procedures adopted pursuant to subdivision (a).

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Article I. Permits

4200. Every district board may establish, by regulation, a permit system that requires, except as otherwise provided in Section 42310, that before any verson builds, except, alters, replaces, operates, or uses any article, machine, erropment, or other contrivunce which may cause the issuance of air contaminants, such person obtains parmit to do so from the air pollution control officers, the district

person obtains permit to do so from the air pollution control officer of the district. The regulations may previde that a permit shall be valid only for a specified period. However, opermit shall be renewable upon payment of the fees required pursuant to Section 42311, except where action to suspend or revoke the permit has been initiated pursuant to Section 42304, 42307, or 4239, and such action has resulted in a final determination to suspend or revoke the permit by the air pollution control officer or the hearing board by whom, or before whom, such action has been initiated anothal appeals, or time for appeals, from such final determination has been exhausted.

42301. A permit system established pursuant to Section 42300 shall

(a) Insure that the article, machine equipment, or contrivance for which the permit was issued shall not prevent or interfere with the attainment or maintenance of any applicable or quarty tandard.

(b) Probabit the issuance of a permit unless the air pollution control officer is satisfied, on the basis of criteria clopted by the district board, that the article, machine, equipment, or contribute will comply with all applicable orders, rules, and regulations of the district and of the state board and with all applicable provisions of this division.

42302. An applicant for a permit which has been denied may request, within 10 days after receipt of the notice of the denial, the hearing board of the district to hold a hearing on whether or not the permit was properly denied.

42303. An or pollution control officer, at any time, may require from an applicant for or the helder of, any permit provided for by the regulations of the district leard, such information, analyses, plans, or specifications, hich will disclose the nature, extent, quantity, or degree of air contaminants which are, or may be, discharged by the source for which the permit was issued or applied.

2303.5 No person shall knowingly make any false statement in any application for a permit, or in any information, analyses, plans, or specifications submitted in conjunction with the application or at the request of the air pollution control officer.